

Grammar Syllabus for Modern Chinese Grade 7 to 9

The table indicates the grade at which concepts, skills and processes related to the expected learning outcomes are introduced and sequenced and the grade levels at which they are progressively developed.

<i>NOTIONAL WORDS</i>	Grade		
	7	8	9
1. Nouns of direction			
1.1 Simple nouns of direction (上、下、左、右、前、后、东、南、西、北)			
1.2 Compound nouns of direction (旁边、左边、右边)			
1.3 Noun phrases of direction (Noun + Noun of direction)			
2. Pronouns			
2.1“大家”and “每”			
2.2 Demonstrative pronouns (这/那) +Measure word			
2.3“别人、自己、其他”			
2.4 Demonstrative pronouns (这么/那么)			
2.5 各 (各+Measure word/noun)			
2.6 Interrogative pronouns used in declarative sentences (Interrogative pronoun+都/也……)			
2.7 Arbitrary reference (Interrogative pronoun……Interrogative pronoun……)			
3. Nouns of time: The expression of time with “差…分…点”、 “半”、“刻”			
4. Numerals			
4.1 Cardinal numerals (百、千、万)			
4.2 Ordinal numerals			

(第一、 第二)			
4.3 “二”and“两” 二/两+ Unit of measurement+ Noun 两+ Measure word+ Noun			
4.4 The expression of appropriate numbers (Adjacent numbers、 “几”and“多”)			
4.5 “两”and“俩”			
5. Measure words			
5.1 Nominal measure words			
5.1.1 件、 条、 块、 张、 位、 种、 辆、 朵、 只			
5.1.2 双、 层			
5.1.3 份、 棵、 台、 页			
5.2 Verbal measure words			
5.2.1 “次”and“下”			
5.2.2 “遍”and“趟”			
5.3 The reduplication of measure words (个个、 条条、 次次)			
5.4 Special measure words (场、 顿)			
6. Verbs indicating one’s attitude, perspective and wish			
6.1 “觉得”			
6.2 “希望”			
6.3 “认为、 以为、 打算、 相信、 决定”			
7. Auxiliary verbs			
7.1 “要、 可以”(indicating permission) and“可能”			
7.2 “能 (indicating that the conditions permit)、 会(indicating the supposition)、 可以(indicating the function)”			

7.3 “应该、愿意”			
8. Separable words			
8.1 唱歌、跳舞、上班、考试、游泳、帮忙、见面、洗澡、 生气、刷牙、上网、道歉、请假、请客、散步、握手			
9. Reduplication of a verb: “VV”and “V—V”			
10. Reduplication of an adjective			
10.1 The AA pattern			
10.2 The AABB pattern			
FUNCTION WORDS			
1. Adverbs of degree			
1.1 最、更			
1.2 特别、极、比较			
2. Adverb indicating action is going on (正、正在)			
3. The structural particle “的” (indicating possession) Noun/Pronoun+的 Adjective+的			
4. The modal particle “了”(indicating a change)			
4.1 Noun+了			
4.2 Adjective+了			
4.3 要/就要/快要/快+verb(phrase)+了			
4.4 该+Noun(phrase)/Verb(phrase)+了			
4.5 Auxiliary verb+Verb(phrase)+了			
4.6 不+Verb(phrase)+了			
5. The aspect particle “了” Subject+Verb+了+Quantitative phrase			
6. The aspect particle “着” Subject+Verb+着 (+Object)			
7. The aspect particle “过”			

Subject+Verb+过+Noun			
8. Prepositions			
8.1 Used as an adverbial to introduce the object (跟、给、对) 跟+Somebody (一起) +Verb phrase 给+Somebody+Verb (phrase) 对+Somebody+Verb (phrase)			
8.2 Indicating space and direction			
8.2.1“从”：从+Starting point+Verb (phrase) “到”：从+Starting point+到+Ending point			
8.2.2“离”：A+离+B+远/近			
8.2.3 “向”：向+Direction+Verb (phrase) “往”：往+Direction+Verb (phrase)			
8.3“为了”：为了+.....+Clause			
8.4 “除了”： 除了..... (以外)都..... 除了..... (以外)也..... 除了..... (以外)还.....			
9. Adverbs of time			
9.1 “还”：还+Verb(phrase)			
9.2“已经”：已经+Verb(phrase)			
9.3“先”：先+Verb(phrase)			
9.4“马上”：马上+Verb(phrase)			
9.5“就”and“才”			
10. Adverbs of frequency			

10.1 “经常” and “常常”			
10.2 “再” and “又”			
10.3 “一直” and “总是”			
11. Adverbs of scope			
11.1 “一起”			
11.2 “一共”			
11.3 “只”			
12. Modal adverbs			
12.1 “终于”			
12.2 “当然”			
<i>SENTENCE ELEMENTS, SENTENCE STRUCTURES AND SENTENCE TYPES</i>			
1. Attributives			
1.1 Adjective+的+Noun			
1.2 Subject-predicate phrases such as attributives (Subject+Verb+的+Noun)			
1.3 Verb phrases used as attributives (Verb phrase+Noun)			
2. Adverbials			
2.1 Adverbials of time (Subject+ Adverbial of time+ Verb (phrase))			
2.2 Adverbials of time (.....以前 , ;以后 ,)			
2.3 Adverbials of place 在+Place/Location+ Verb (phrase)			
3. Simple complements of degree Verb+得 (+Adverb of degree) +Adjective			
4. Sentences with subject-predicates Subject+Predicate (Subject-Predicate phrase)			
5. Serial verb sentences (indicating the purpose) 来/去+Place+Verb(phrase)			
6. Sentences with two objects			

Subject+给/送/找/借/教+Indirect object+Direct object			
7. Pivotal sentences			
Subject+请/叫/让+Pivotal+Verb(phrase)			
8. Comparative sentences			
8.1 The“比”sentences			
8.1.1 A 比 B+Adjective			
8.1.2 A 比 B+Adjective+一点儿/得多/多了/Quantitative phrase			
8.2 The negation of the “比” sentence A 没有 B+Adjective			
8.3 Comparative sentences indicating similarity (A 跟/和 B (不) 一样) and (A 跟/和 B (不) 一样+Adjective)			
8.4“不如” A+不如+B A+不如+B+Adjective			
8.5“不比” A+不比+B+Adjective			
8.6 Comparative sentences using“更”or“还” A+比+B+更/还+Adjective			
9. The“是……的”structure (emphasizing the time, place or manner)			
10. Imperative sentences (别、不要)			
11. General questions with“吧” Clause+吧?			
12. Affirmative-negative questions			
13. Special questions with			
13.1 什么时候			
13.2 怎么(inquiring the manner)			
13.3 为什么			
13.4 多+Adjective			

14. Tag questions (怎么样、好吗、可以吗、行吗)			
15. Complements			
15.1 Complements of result Verb+完/好/在/到/给/懂/干净/会.....			
15.2 Complements of frequency			
15.3 Complements of duration			
15.4 Complements of degree			
16. Serial verb structures (indicating the manner) Subject+Verb(phrase) ₁ +Verb(phrase) ₂ Subject+Verb ₁ (+Object)+着+Verb(phrase) ₂			
17. Existential sentences			
17.1 The“在”sentences			
17.2 The“有”sentences			
17.3 The“是”sentences			
17.4 Existential sentences using “Verb+着”			
18. The“把”Sentences			
18.1 Indicating displacement: Subject+把+Object+Verb+在/到/给.....			
18.2 Indicating the change of nature Subject+把+Object+Verb+干净/完/成.....			
19. The“被”Sentences Subject+被/叫/让+Object+Verb (phrase) Subject+被+Verb(phrase)			
20. Exclamatory sentences 多么+Adjective+啊! Adjective+极了!			
21. Alternative questions ……还是……?			
22. Complicated comparative sentences			
22.1 Comparative sentences using “早、晚、多、少”			

A 比 B+Adjective+早/晚/多/少+Verb+			
Quantitative phrase			
22.2 Comparative sentences using complements of degree A 比 B+Verb+得+Complement of degree A Verb+得+比 B+ Complement of degree			
23. Rhetorical question: “不是……吗？”			
COMPOUND SENTENCES			
1. Cause-effect compound sentences “因为……，所以……”			
2. Transitional compound sentences: “……，但是/可是……”			
3. Coordinate compound sentences “一边……一边……”			
4. Successive compound sentences: “先……，然后……”;“先……，再……”			
5. Alternative compound sentences: “(或者)……，或者……”;“不是……，就是……”			
6. Transitional compound sentences: “虽然……，但是……”			
7. Hypothesis compound sentences: “如果……，就……”;“要是……，就……”			
8. Contracted sentences: “……了……(就)……”;“……完……(就)……”;“一……就……”;“越(来)……越……”;“不……不……”			
9. Progressive compound sentences: “不但……，而且……”;“不仅……，而且/还……”			
10. Condition compound sentences: “只要……，就……”;“只			

有....., 才....."			
-----------------	--	--	--